

Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently amended) An elongated medical device ~~for intraluminal manipulation during a process of magnetic resonance imaging~~, comprising:  
an elongated body, ~~having an outer surface and an inner lumen surface~~; and  
an extrusion material that includes a composition comprising a hydrophilic polymer that ~~incorporates a substance having and~~ a plurality of paramagnetic ions, ~~the extrusion material being integrated with the elongated body and wherein the composition is~~ configured to enhance magnetic resonance visibility of the medical device during said process of magnetic resonance imaging, ~~wherein the extrusion material is disposed on the inner lumen surface.~~
2. (Currently amended) The elongated medical device of claim 1, wherein the ~~substance~~ having a plurality of paramagnetic ions comprises a paramagnetic metal salt.
3. (Currently amended) The elongated medical device of claim 1, wherein the ~~substance~~ having a plurality of paramagnetic ions comprises a paramagnetic metal chelate.
4. (Currently amended) The elongated medical device of claim 1, wherein the ~~substance~~ having a plurality of paramagnetic ions comprises a paramagnetic metal complex.
5. (Currently amended) The elongated medical device of claim 1, wherein the ~~substance~~ having a plurality of paramagnetic ions comprises a gadolinium material.

6. (Currently amended) The elongated medical device of claim 1, wherein the ~~substance~~ ~~having a plurality of~~ paramagnetic ions comprises a Gadolinium diethylenetriaminepentaacetic acid material.

7. (Currently amended) The elongated medical device of claim 1, wherein the hydrophilic polymer ~~[[is]]~~ comprises a material selected from ~~[[a]]~~ the group consisting of polyethylene oxide, polypropylene oxide, polyvinyl-pyrrolidone and hydrophilic polyurethane, polycarboxylic acids, cellulosic polymers, gelatin, maleic anhydride polymers, polyamides, polyvinyl alcohols, and polyacrylic acid.

8. (Cancelled)

9. (Currently amended) The elongated medical device of claim 1, wherein the ~~extrusion material composition~~ further comprises structural polymer having the hydrophilic polymer compounded therein.

10-11. (Cancelled)

12. (Original) The elongated medical device of claim 1, further comprising a device antenna that provides active magnetic resonance imaging enhancement.

13. (Original) The elongated medical device of claim 1, further comprising a reinforcement mechanism that is configured to operate as a device antenna and provide active MRI image enhancement.

14. (Currently amended) The elongated medical device of claim 1, wherein the ~~extrusion material is a co-extrusion material that~~ composition comprises:

a first co-extrusion component comprising ~~[[a]]~~ the hydrophilic polymer ~~that incorporates a substance having a~~ and the plurality of paramagnetic ions, the first co-extrusion component being configured to enhance magnetic resonance visibility; and

a second co-extrusion component comprising a structural polymer, the second co-extrusion component being configured to provide structural support.

15. (Currently amended) The elongated medical device of claim 14, wherein the hydrophilic polymer includes a material selected from ~~[[a]]~~ the group consisting of polyethylene oxide, polypropylene oxide, polyvinyl-pyrrolidone, hydrophilic polyurethane, polycarboxylic acids, cellulosic polymers, gelatin, maleic anhydride polymers, polyamides, polyvinyl alcohols, and polyacrylic acid.

16. (Currently amended) The elongated medical device of claim 14, wherein the structural polymer includes a material selected from ~~[[a]]~~ the group consisting of nylon, PEBAX, polyurethane, polyethylene, PEEK, polyimide, polyester-amide copolymer, and polyether-amide copolymer.

17. (Currently amended) The elongated medical device of claim 14, wherein the ~~co-extrusion material~~ hydrophilic polymer is cross-linked ~~so as to provide an enhanced durability.~~

18. (Currently amended) The elongated medical device of claim 14, wherein the ~~substance having a~~ plurality of paramagnetic ions comprises a paramagnetic metal salt.

19. (Currently amended) The elongated medical device of claim 14, wherein the ~~substance having a~~ plurality of paramagnetic ions comprises a paramagnetic metal chelate.

20. (Currently amended) The elongated medical device of claim 14, wherein the ~~substance having a~~ plurality of paramagnetic ions comprises a paramagnetic metal complex.

21. (Currently amended) The elongated medical device of claim 14, wherein ~~the co-extrusion material is integrated with the elongated medical device using a co-extrusion process wherein~~ the first and second co-extrusion components are co-extruded in layers with one co-extrusion component disposed on ~~top of~~ the other.

22. (Currently amended) The elongated medical device of claim 14, wherein ~~the co-extrusion material is integrated with the elongated medical device using a co-extrusion process wherein~~ the first and second co-extrusion components are co-extruded in a striped pattern.

23. (Currently amended) The elongated medical device of claim 14, wherein ~~the co-extrusion material is integrated with the elongated medical device using a co-extrusion process wherein~~ the first and second co-extrusion components are co-extruded in a spiraled pattern.

24. (Currently amended) The elongated medical device of claim 14, wherein the ~~substance~~ ~~having~~ a plurality of paramagnetic ions comprises a gadolinium material.

25. (Currently amended) The elongated medical device of claim 14, wherein the ~~substance~~ ~~having~~ a plurality of paramagnetic ions comprises a Gadolinium diethylenetriaminepentaacetic acid material.

26-28. (Cancelled)

29. (Withdrawn) A method of constructing a medical device, comprising:  
providing a medical device; and  
integrating a hydrophilic polymer that incorporates a substance having a plurality of paramagnetic ions with the medical device.

30. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 29, wherein the integrating of the hydrophilic polymer with the medical device comprises:

compounding the hydrophilic polymer into a structural polymer that is comprised by the medical device.

31. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 29, wherein the integrating of the hydrophilic polymer with the medical device comprises:

integrating the hydrophilic polymer with a balloon device.

32. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 29, wherein the integrating of the hydrophilic polymer that incorporates a substance having a plurality of paramagnetic ions comprises:

integrating a hydrophilic polymer that incorporates a paramagnetic metal salt.

33. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 29, wherein the integrating of the hydrophilic polymer that incorporates a substance having a plurality of paramagnetic ions comprises:

integrating a hydrophilic polymer that incorporates a gadolinium material to the medical device.

34. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 29, wherein the integrating of the hydrophilic polymer that incorporates a substance having a plurality of paramagnetic ions comprises:

integrating a hydrophilic polymer that incorporates a Gadolinium diethylenetriaminepentaacetic acid material to the medical device.

35. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 29, wherein the integrating of the hydrophilic polymer comprises:

extruding the hydrophilic polymer on an inner lumen surface of an elongated tubular medical device.

36. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 29, wherein the integrating of the hydrophilic polymer comprises:

extruding the hydrophilic polymer on an outer surface of an elongated tubular medical device.

37. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 29, wherein the integrating of the hydrophilic polymer comprises:

extruding the hydrophilic polymer on an outer surface and an inner lumen surface of an elongated tubular medical device.

38. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 29, wherein the integrating of the hydrophilic polymer comprises:

co-extruding onto a surface of the medical device a structural polymer in combination with a hydrophilic polymer that incorporates a substance having a plurality of paramagnetic ions.

39. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 38, wherein the co-extruding onto a surface of the medical device comprises:

co-extruding onto a surface of the medical device a structural polymer in combination with a hydrophilic polymer that incorporates a paramagnetic metal salt.

40. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 38, wherein the co-extruding onto a surface of the medical device comprises:

co-extruding onto a surface of the medical device a structural polymer in combination with a hydrophilic polymer that incorporates a gadolinium material.

41. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 38, wherein the co-extruding onto a surface of the medical device comprises:

co-extruding on an inner lumen surface of an elongated tubular medical device.

42. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 38, wherein co-extruding onto a surface of the medical device comprises:

co-extruding on an outer surface of an elongated tubular medical device.

43. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 38, wherein co-extruding onto a surface of the medical device comprises:

co-extruding on an outer surface and an inner lumen surface of an elongated tubular medical device.

44. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 38, further comprising:  
cross-linking a portion of material that has been co-extruded onto the surface of the medical device.

45. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 38, further comprising:  
applying at least one final coating to the medical device so as to leave exposed at least one portion of the hydrophilic polymer and the plurality of paramagnetic ions incorporated therein.

46. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 45, wherein the applying the at least on final coating to the medical device comprises:  
applying a lubricious coating to the medical device.

47. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 45, wherein the applying the at least on final coating to the medical device comprises:  
applying a coating that contains a therapeutic agent to the medical device.

48. (Withdrawn) A material adapted to be integrated with an intraluminal medical device to enhance magnetic resonance visibility during magnetic resonance imaging, the material comprising:

a hydrophilic polymer that incorporates a substance having a plurality of paramagnetic ions.

49. (Withdrawn) The material of claim 48, wherein the substance having the plurality of paramagnetic ions comprises a paramagnetic metal salt.

50. (Withdrawn) The material of claim 48, wherein the substance having the plurality of paramagnetic ions comprises a gadolinium material.

51. (Withdrawn) The material of claim 48, wherein the substance having the plurality of paramagnetic ions comprises a Gadolinium diethylenetriaminepentaacetic acid material.

52. (Withdrawn) The material of claim 48, wherein the hydrophilic polymer is a material selected from a group consisting of polyethylene oxide, polypropylene oxide, polyvinylpyrrolidone, hydrophilic polyurethane, polycarboxylic acids, cellulosic polymers, gelatin, maleic anhydride polymers, polyamides, a polyvinyl alcohols, polyethylene oxides and polyacrylic acid.

53. (Withdrawn) The material of claim 48, further comprising:  
a structural polymer that is co-extruded with the hydrophilic polymer, the hydrophilic polymer being configured to enhance magnetic resonance visibility and the structural polymer being configured to provide structural support.

54. (Withdrawn) The material of claim 53, wherein the hydrophilic polymer includes a material selected from a group consisting of polyethylene oxide, polypropylene oxide, polyvinylpyrrolidone, hydrophilic polyurethane polycarboxylic acids, cellulosic polymers, gelatin, maleic anhydride polymers, polyamides, a polyvinyl alcohols, polyethylene oxides and polyacrylic acid.



55. (Withdrawn) The material of claim 53, wherein the structural polymer includes a material selected from a group consisting of nylon, PEBAX, polyurethane, polyethylene, PEEK, polyimide, polyester-amide copolymer, and polyether-amide copolymer.

56. (Currently amended) An elongated medical device ~~for intraluminal manipulation during a process of magnetic resonance imaging~~, comprising:  
an elongated body, ~~having an outer surface and an inner lumen surface~~; and  
~~an extrusion material that includes~~ a composition comprising a hydrophilic polymer that ~~incorporates a substance having~~ and a plurality of paramagnetic particles, ~~the extrusion material being integrated with the elongated body and wherein the composition is configured to enhance magnetic resonance visibility of the medical device during said process of magnetic resonancee imaging, wherein the extrusion material is disposed on the inner lumen surface.~~

57. (Original) The elongated medical device of claim 56, wherein the plurality of paramagnetic particles comprise super-magnetic iron oxide.

58. (Original) The elongated medical device of claim 56, wherein the plurality of paramagnetic particles comprise dysprosium oxide.

59. (Currently amended) The elongated medical device of claim 56, wherein the hydrophilic polymer ~~[[is]]~~ comprises a material selected from ~~[[a]]~~ the group consisting of polyethylene oxide, polypropylene oxide, polyvinyl-pyrrolidone, hydrophilic polyurethane, polycarboxylic acids, cellulosic polymers, gelatin, maleic anhydride polymers, polyamides, polyvinyl alcohols, and polyacrylic acid.

60-62. (Cancelled)

63. (Currently amended) The elongated medical device of claim 56, wherein the ~~extrusion material is a co-extrusion material that~~ composition comprises:

a first co-extrusion component comprising ~~[[a]] the~~ hydrophilic polymer ~~that incorporates a substance having a~~ the plurality of paramagnetic particles, the first co-extrusion component being configured to enhance magnetic resonance visibility; and

a second co-extrusion component comprising a structural polymer, the second co-extrusion component being configured to provide structural support.

64. (Currently amended) An elongated medical device ~~for intraluminal manipulation during a process of magnetic resonance imaging~~, comprising:

an elongated body, ~~having an outer surface and an inner lumen surface~~; and

~~an extrusion material that includes~~ a composition comprising a hydrophilic polymer, ~~the extrusion material being integrated with the elongated body and configured to enhance magnetic resonance visibility of the medical device during said process of magnetic resonance imaging, wherein the extrusion material is disposed on the inner lumen surface.~~

65. (Currently amended) The elongated medical device of claim 64, wherein the hydrophilic polymer ~~[[is]]~~ comprises a material selected from ~~[[a]] the~~ group consisting of polyethylene oxide, polypropylene oxide, polyvinyl-pyrrolidone and hydrophilic polyurethane, polycarboxylic acids, cellulosic polymers, gelatin, maleic anhydride polymers, polyamides, polyvinyl alcohols, and polyacrylic acid.

66. (Cancelled)

67. (Currently amended) The elongated medical device of claim 64, ~~wherein the extrusion material further comprises~~ comprising a structural polymer ~~that is compounded into~~ with the hydrophilic polymer.

68. (Cancelled)

69. (Currently amended) The elongated medical device of claim 64, wherein the ~~extrusion material is a co-extrusion material that~~ composition comprises:

a first co-extrusion component comprising ~~[[a]]~~ the hydrophilic polymer, the first co-extrusion component being configured to enhance magnetic resonance visibility; and

a second co-extrusion component comprising a structural polymer, the second co-extrusion component being configured to provide structural support.

70. (Original) The elongated medical device of claim 64, further comprising a reinforcement mechanism that is configured to operate as a device antenna and provide active MRI image enhancement.

71. (Withdrawn) A method of constructing a medical device with enhanced magnetic resonance visibility, comprising:

providing a medical device; and

integrating a material that comprises a hydrophilic polymer with the medical device.

72. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 71, wherein the integrating the material with the medical device comprises:

compounding the material with a structural polymer that is comprised by the medical device.

73. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 71, wherein the integrating of the hydrophilic polymer with the medical device comprises:

integrating the hydrophilic polymer with a balloon device.

74. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 71, wherein the integrating of the material comprises:  
extruding the material on an inner lumen surface of an elongated tubular medical device.

75. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 71, wherein the integrating of the material comprises:  
extruding the material on an outer surface of an elongated tubular medical device.

76. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 71, wherein the integrating of the material comprises:  
co-extruding onto a surface of the medical device a structural polymer in combination with a hydrophilic polymer.

77. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 71, wherein the co-extruding onto a surface of the medical device comprises:  
co-extruding on an inner lumen surface of an elongated tubular medical device.

78. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 71, wherein co-extruding onto a surface of the medical device comprises:  
co-extruding on an outer surface of an elongated tubular medical device.

79. (Withdrawn) A method of utilizing a medical device having enhanced magnetic resonance imaging visibility, comprising:  
providing a medical device that incorporates an integrated hydrophilic polymer;  
causing the hydrophilic polymer to absorb fluid;  
utilizing the medical device within an intraluminal environment within a patient during a process of magnetic resonance imaging.

80. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 79, wherein causing the hydrophilic polymer to absorb fluid comprises:

pre-soaking at least one portion of the medical device.

81. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 79, wherein causing the hydrophilic polymer to absorb fluid comprises:

introducing at least one portion of the medical device to a fluid environment within a patient.

82. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 79, wherein providing a medical device that incorporates an integrated hydrophilic polymer further comprises:

providing a medical device that incorporates an integrated hydrophilic polymer that includes a substance having a plurality of paramagnetic ions.

83. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 82, wherein causing the hydrophilic polymer to absorb fluid comprises:

pre-soaking at least one portion of the medical device.

84. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 82, wherein causing the hydrophilic polymer to absorb fluid comprises:

introducing at least one portion of the medical device to a fluid environment within a patient.

85. (New) The elongated medical device of claim 1, wherein the hydrophilic polymer and the plurality of paramagnetic ions are compounded together.

86. (New) The elongated medical device of claim 1, wherein the composition is on an outer surface of the elongated body.

87. (New) The elongated medical device of claim 1, wherein the composition is on an inner lumen surface of the elongated body.

88. (New) The elongated medical device of claim 56, wherein the hydrophilic polymer and the plurality of paramagnetic particles are compounded together.

89. (New) The elongated medical device of claim 56, wherein the composition is on an outer surface of the elongated body.

90. (New) The elongated medical device of claim 56, wherein the composition is on an inner lumen surface of the elongated body.

91. (New) The elongated medical device of claim 64, wherein the composition is on an outer surface of the elongated body.

92. (New) The elongated medical device of claim 64, wherein the composition is on an inner lumen surface of the elongated body.